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duced among the nations by the Iroquois, in order to make them dissatisfied with the trade they carry on with the French and make them averse to the latter. I trust their actions will have no untoward consequences thanks to the precautions I have ordered the said Sieur Duplessis to take to avert them. Moreover, in the councils I held at Montreal on the 29th of June and 4th of July last with the Outaouois Kiskakons, Saulteux, Outaouois of the band of la fourche, and other savage bands of the said post, I strongly advised them to have nothing to do with the English, and to trade with the French only. They all seemed to me to be animated with the best dispositions and promised me to remain always faithful to the King's will. I shall be greatly mistaken if they fail to keep their word. I append a copy of the said councils.

You will also find, Monseigneur, hereunto annexed a copy of the council I held at Montreal on the 29th of June with the Poutetouamis and Sakis of the river St. Joseph. As those nations are equally well disposed towards the French, nothing of interest has happened at the said post. I had given the command of it to the Sieur de Repentigny, but as you have been pleased to procure him a company in the Louisbourg troops, I have sent him an order to come down early in the spring, and he will leave at once to join his garrison.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Pierre Jean Baptiste François Xavier le Gardeur, Sieur de Repentigny, was eldest son of the Lieutenant de Repentigny killed (1733) at La Baye. Born in 1719, elder brother of Louis, known as the "Chevalier," he entered the colonial army as second ensign in 1734; in 1742 he had the rank of full ensign, and in 1748 that of lieutenant. In that year occurred the unfortunate affair so noted in the Chien d'Or story, wherein this officer, in a quarrel over lodgings, killed Philibert, a citizen of Quebec. While being tried, he was serving in the army at Fort St. Frédéric and raiding into northern New York. Pardoned by the grace of the king, he was sent to St. Josephs as here indicated, and in 1750, having been promoted to a captaincy, went to serve at Louisburg. While there he took charge of an expedition against Newfoundland, and in 1757 received the cross of St. Louis. After the conquest he retired to France, and became governor of Mahé, in French India, where he died in 1776.—ED.